1. **Basic methodological approaches**

Since 2002 the **LFSS questionnaire** has been fully harmonised with Eurostat’s surveyand corresponds to Council Regulation (EU). Nevertheless, the contents of Eurostat’s survey are still developing and in this context the Czech Statistical Office (CZSO) makes appropriate adjustments to the national LFSS questionnaire. In spite of that, the formal structure of the quarterly publication remain unchanged, which enables the reader good guidance with respect to the publications for previous quarters. Also kept are the continuity and consistence of statistical data in chronological order.

On 1 January 2000, a territorial administrative structure of the Czech Republic dividing the country into **14 Regions** (“higher territorial self-governing units”), became effective under the Constitutional Act No. 347/97 Sb. As a follow-up, to comply with the statistical and analytical needs and the needs of the European Union, eight statistical territorial units (**Areas**) were formed according to the Resolution of the Cabinet of the Czech Republic No. 707/1998. The territorial administrative structure of the Czech Republic, complying with the NUTS classification (La Nomenclature des Unités Territoriales Statistiques) used in EU countries, can be seen from the maps in the Technical Notes. This quarterly LFSS publication gives an insight into the labour market at all basic levels, i.e. NUTS 1 – Czech Republic, NUTS 2 – statistical Areas and NUTS 3 – Regions.

**The LFSS includes** all persons usually living in randomly selected apartments, regardless of the type of stay (permanent stay, temporary, long-term or undeclared stay). **For persons aged under 15** only basic data are asked for: relationship to head of the household, age, gender and nationality­. **Persons aged 15 and over** are supposed to answer additional questions concerning their status in the labour market. **The survey does not cover persons living in collective accommodation** establishments for a long period of time, which is why data on certain population groups (especially foreign nationals living and working in the Czech Republic) are rather scarce. According to Eurostat, such data can be retrieved from administrative sources or obtained through a special survey taken outside the LFSS.

In Q1 2025, the sample included **23.7 thousand dwellings** on the territory of the whole Czech Republic (i.e. 0.5% of all usually occupied dwellings), in which **48.6 thousand respondents of all age groups** were surveyed, including **42.3 thousand respondents aged 15 and over**. This sample size allows making estimates of labour market indicators for the country and also estimates for regions and areas with reliability required by Eurostat.

###### **Number of households and persons aged 15 and over in the sample**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Regions | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Czech Republic | Hl. m. Praha | Středočeský | Jihočeský | Plzeňský | Karlovarský | Ústecký | Liberecký | Královéhradecký | Pardubický | Vysočina | Jihomoravský | Olomoucký | Zlínský | Moravskoslezský |
| Number of households in the sample | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23714 | 2128 | 3018 | 1720 | 1576 | 906 | 1699 | 1191 | 1274 | 1302 | 1350 | 2369 | 1242 | 1269 | 2670 |
| Number of persons aged 15 and over in the sample | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 42326 | 3382 | 5196 | 3020 | 2974 | 1513 | 2891 | 2155 | 2349 | 2459 | 2623 | 4551 | 2224 | 2350 | 4639 |

**All sample data are recalculated** to the age structure of the population according to population aggregates from demographic statistics, which **takes** into **account the SLDB 2021**. Estimates of the number of **people living outside private households**, i.e. mainly in hostels and in so-called collective households (retirement homes, social care institutions, correctional facilities, etc.) and estimates of the number of immigrated foreigners who do not live in apartments **are excluded from the population**.

The LFSS is a continuous survey whose results are assessed and published on a quarterly basis. The results are released three months after end of the reference quarter. In connection with the unification of the national questionnaire and the list of questions obligatory for EU member states, the contents of this publication are being modified. **Since January 2013**, basic employment rate, unemployment rate and economic activity rate are also published on a monthly basis in the News Releases. More information about the methodology is available on the website of the Czech Statistical Office – [csu.gov.cz/home](https://csu.gov.cz/home):

[https://csu.gov.cz/employment-and-unemployment (LFS)](https://csu.gov.cz/employment-and-unemployment-lfs?pocet=10&start=0&1_pocet=10&1_start=0&pouzeVydane=true&skupiny=43&vlastnostiVystupu=15,01&razeni=-datumVydani&1_pouzeVydane=true&1_skupiny=43&1_vlastnostiVystupu=12&1_razeni=-datumVydani)

**From Q1 2011** are not separately published data **for the civilian sector**. All previously published tables for the civilian sector (table-type 300) are published for the whole national economy, in the same format, while retaining headers and columns.

**Some indicators** are surveyed **to a limited extent** on a selected household visit (i.e. not repeatedly every quarter). Therefore they are not part of regular publications. Relevant data are available **only as annual data** and can be requested through the CZSO information service. These are, for example, indicators:

- Persons with disabilities;  
- Work in atypical time – in shifts, evening, night, Saturday, Sunday.